

# **CIrClE 2019**

Challenges for the Islands in the era of the Circular Economy

The local plan for municipal solid waste management – Aradippou Municipality

George Konstantzos

National Technical University of Athens







# **SMile 2019**

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#### **Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Management**

- Collection, transport, treatment / recycling and disposal of Municipal Solid Wastes (MSW), have become a relatively difficult problem to solve for those responsible for their management.
- High transfer costs and low rates of separation at source, are the main reasons for potential planning failures.
- At the same time, legislation sets every year more demanding targets.
- Key objective should be the decentralization of solid waste management (municipality level).









#### **Circular economy**

•The value of products, materials and resources is maintained in the economy as much as possible.

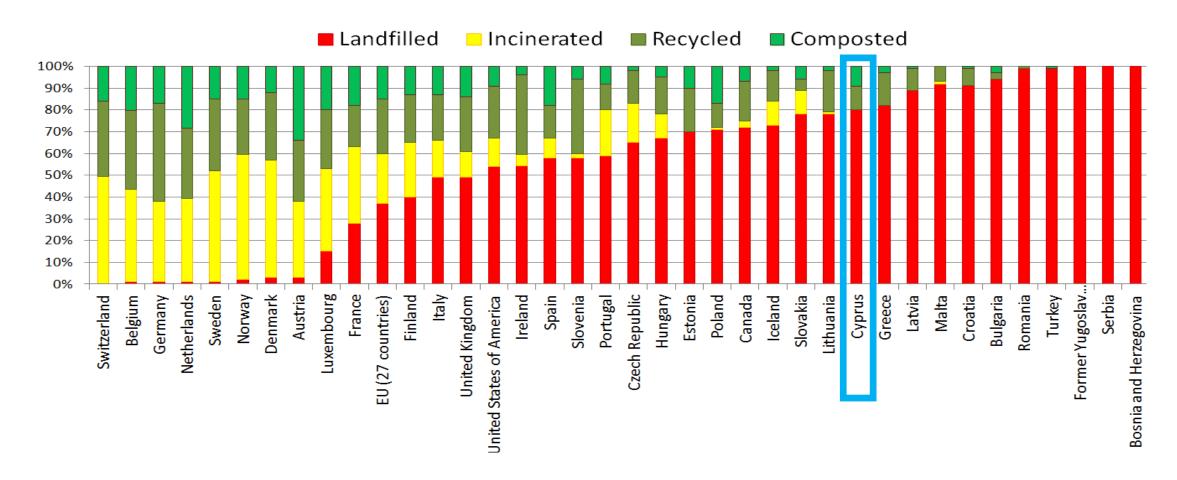
- Waste generation is minimized
- •Economy and competitiveness are strengthened by creating new business opportunities and introducing innovative products and services
- Economic, social and environmental benefits



LINEAR ECONOMY

CONSUMPTION







# **Local Waste Management Plans (LWMP)**

#### The basic contents are:

- Presentation of the legislation in force and the objectives deriving from it.
- Recording and evaluation of the existing situation for waste generation and management
- Quantification of source-separation and recycling targets.
- Development of various source-separation and recycling schemes.
- Establish a general budget for the implementation of the plan.
- Procedures for the approval & monitoring of the plan.



#### **Objectives and Obligations**

- •The objectives and obligations that have been set by the National Plan for waste management must be taken on board fully by all Municipalities
  - ➤ Prevention of waste production
  - ➤ Source separation & recycling 40% of MSW by 2021 and 50% by 2027
  - ➤ Source separation & recycling 15% of Biowaste by 2021
  - ➤ Source separation & recycling **50% of recyclable waste** by 2020
  - ➤ Maximum amount of biodegradable waste that can be sent for landfilling is **95.000 tones**

# THE WASTE HIERARCHY Avoid 1 Maximimum conservation of resources Reuse 2 Reusing materials Recycle 3 recycling & reprocessing materials Waste to energy 4 energy recovery prior to disposal of waste of resources 5 zero conservation of resources



#### **Municipal Solid Waste generation**

- Population of Aradippou Municipality = **22.500**
- •Production of municipality solid waste (2017) = **8.899,77 t**
- •Average annual production per resident = 400 kg/year resident

#### **Municipal Solid Waste composition**

- 38% Biowaste
- •40% Recyclable waste
- •22% Other waste

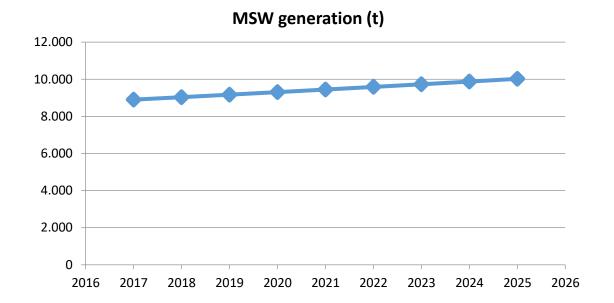




#### **Future development of MSW generation**

•1,5% increase in MSW production is considered

Year	MSW generation, t
2019	9.169
2020	9.306
2021	9.446
2022	9.588
2023	9.731
2024	9.877
2025	10.026



# **MSW** generation

Voor	Total NASVAV & -	Biowaste, t	t Recycling waste, t				
Year	Total MSW, t	~38% of MSW	<b>Total</b> (~39% of MSW)	Packaging (~25% of MSW)	Other (~14% of MSW)	t	
2017	8.900	3.382	3.489	2.242	1.247	2.029	
2018	9.033	3.433	3.541	2.275	1.266	2.060	
2019	9.169	3.484	3.594	2.310	1.285	2.090	
2020	9.306	3.536	3.648	2.344	1.304	2.122	
2021	9.446	3.589	3.703	2.379	1.323	2.154	
2022	9.588	3.643	3.758	2.415	1.343	2.186	
2023	9.731	3.698	3.815	2.451	1.363	2.219	
2024	9.877	3.753	3.872	2.488	1.384	2.252	
2025	10.026	3.810	3.930	2.525	1.405	2.286	

#### **Current waste management structure**

#### Mixed waste

- ➤ Municipal cleaning services & private constructor responsible for the collection
- >Transferred to the Integrated Solid Waste Management (IWMF/OEDA) of Kochi

#### Recyclable waste

- ➤ The collective waste management system (Green Dot Cyprus) responsible for the collection and management since 2009
- > Collection to bins or door-to-door

#### Bulky and Green waste

- > Transferred to the Green Points in Larnaca-Famagusta by citizens
- ➤If it is not possible, municipal cleaning services are responsible for the transfer to IWMF/OEDA









#### Waste management cost

•Total expense for waste management (2017): 1.266.000€

•Total MSW generation: 8.900 t

• Annual cost per resident: 56 €/year – resident or 142 €/t

•It should be underlined that at the end of 2018, the operation of the Green Point in Larnaca-Famagusta started, funded by government.

Expenditure category	Expense (€)
Payroll	323.304
Contractor cost	92.004
Repair & maintenance (vehicles)	62.208
Other collection costs	47.520
Other department's costs	193.081
Reductions & deletions of waste	16.316
OEDA Kochi	284.215
Management costs	47.955
Other costs	4.633
Green Point costs	188.531
TOTAL	1.265.767



#### **Evaluation of the current waste management**

- ✓ The overall assessment of the current situation is positive
- ✓ Collection frequency at regular intervals
- ✓ The citizens follow the Municipality's program with slightest deviations
- ✓ The annual production per resident of MSW is one of the lowest in Cyprus
- ✓ The percentage of recyclable waste derived from separation at source is relatively low (about 18% of the total recyclable waste). It should be increased as soon as possible in view of the new legislation
- ✓ The participation of a private contractor in the mixed waste collection positively affects the final balance



## **Quantification of source-separation and recycling targets**

Year	Total MSW, t	Generated Biowaste, t	Biowaste to be separated, t		Recycling waste, t	Recycling was separate		Mixed MSW
		~38% of MSW	% of generated biowaste	t	~39% of MSW	% of generated recyclables	t	t
2019	9.169	3.484	10%	348	3.541	45%	1.593	7.228
2020	9.306	3.536	12%	424	3.594	50%	1.797	7.085
2021	9.446	3.589	15%	538	3.648	50%	1.824	7.084
2022	9.588	3.643	15%	546	3.703	50%	1.851	7.191
2023	9.731	3.698	15%	555	3.758	50%	1.879	7.297
2024	9.877	3.753	15%	563	3.815	50%	1.907	7.407
2025	10.026	3.810	15%	571	3.872	50%	1.936	7.519
	(100%)		<	(25%)	>			(75%)



European experience has shown that segregation at source of biowaste can rise to more than 15%.

In municipalities with door-to-door systems, the rate of source-separation exceeds 70% and in some cases, it reaches 90%.

Regardless of the recycling that will be achieved in the Green Points, the Municipality of Aradippou is proposed to lead the way and gradually target to a diversion rate close to 70%.

The following table shows the new proposed targets.





## **Quantification of source-separation and recycling UPDATED / PROPOSED targets**

Year	Total MSW, t	Generated Biowaste, t	, Biowaste to be separated, t		Recycling waste to be separated, t			Mixed MSW
		~38% of MSW	% of generated biowaste	t	~39% of MSW	% of generated recyclables	t	t
2019	9.169	3.484	15%	523	3.541	45%	1.593	7.053
2020	9.306	3.536	30%	1.061	3.594	50%	1.797	6.448
2021	9.446	3.589	45%	1.615	3.648	60%	2.189	5.642
2022	9.588	3.643	50%	1.822	3.703	65%	2.407	5.360
2023	9.731	3.698	60%	2.219	3.758	70%	2.631	4.882
2024	9.877	3.753	70%	2.627	3.815	70%	2.671	4.579
2025	10.026	3.810	70%	2.667	3.872	70%	2.710	4.649
	(100%)		<	(54	%)	·>		(46%)



#### **Cost – Benefit Analysis**

- •Three main scenarios for waste diversion
  - 1. Scenario 1: Business as usual low rates of diversion for recyclable waste & zero rates for Biowaste
  - 2. Scenario 2: **Achieve the legislation's rates**
  - 3. Scenario 3: Higher diversion and recycling rates (70% for Biowaste 70% for recyclable waste)

	Total Cost (€)	Cost per tone (€)	Cost per resident (€)	% Reduction
Scenario 1	1.250.880	125	54	-
Scenario 2	1.129.630	113	49	-10%
Scenario 3	995.805	98	43	-22%

The benefit of implementing segregation at source is not only ecological but also financial





From the previous table we conclude that the benefit of implementing Segregation at Source and Recycling Schemes, is not only environmental but also financial.



#### **Targeted Actions**

- Prevention & Re-use actions
- Separate Biowaste collection & domestic composting
- •Reinforcement of source separation for recyclable & other waste
- •Pay as You Throw System
- Awareness campaigns
- Monitoring & Control System







#### **Indicative Plan**

- In the Municipality there are about 5.400 detached houses & 180 blocks.
- •There are 6.500 households.
- •The average size of each household is 3,5 people.

In addition to Biowaste collection, it is proposed that 500 detached houses receive a domestic composter to manage their own waste. Accordingly, also to meet the requirements of the Municipality the necessary bins are as follows:

- •Number of 10 liter bins: 6.500
- •Number of domestic composters (detached houses): 500
- •Number of 40 liter bins (detached houses): 4.900
- •Number of 120 600 liter bins (blocks): 180

10-liter bins	40-liter bins	120-660 liter bins	Composters	50-liter bins	1.100-liter bins
6.500	5.000	180	500	100	100



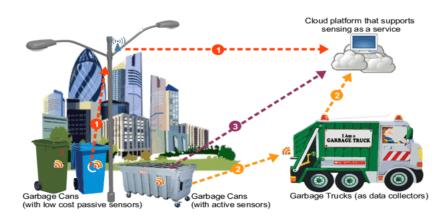


#### **General Budget of Local Plan implementation**

- Estimated cost of acquisition of equipment
  - >40€ / resident (low enough)
  - ➤It may be increased if innovation systems (ICT: Information & communications technology) are implemented in the bins or in the PAYT system
- Future Stages
  - ➤ICT solutions (Information & communications technology) should be examined:
    - √ Smart bins
    - √ Smart routing of collection vehicles

The above mentioned is also linked with the Smart City concept, which is now a one-way development model.

Туре	Number	Cost (€)
Supplementary bins, composters, biodegradable bags	As mentioned before	~ 400.000
Biowaste collection vehicles	2 (minimum)	~ 150.000
Green Points	Through study	~ 200.000
Information actions	Initial cost	~ 100.000
Advisory support services		~ 100.000
TOTAL		~ 950.000







#### **Pilot implementation program**

- •Studying Area: part of Agios Fanourios neighborhood
- •Current population: **4.500 residents**
- •Consists of 32 blocks with 280 households, 1.250 detached houses
- & various stores



- •The design of the source separation system of recyclable materials (reinforcement) and biowaste (onset) will be studied extensively
- Enhance citizens awareness on waste reduction & the separation at source
- •Useful conclusions will be drawn from the implementation of pilot program, for the broad application of the Local Plan









- The food waste will be placed in the kitchen bin, in a biodegradable bag
- •When it is filled, it will be transferred to an outer bin
- •A 10-liter bin for households (inside the house)
- •A set of biodegradable bags
- •40 660 liter collection bins (near households/blocks)













#### Implementation of the local plan for MSW management in Aradippou Municipality

- •Stage A Design the strategy and consolidation of the pilot system
  - ➤ Approval of local plan
  - ➤ Design & Implementation of pilot system
  - ➤ Public awareness raising and information

•Stage B – Implementation of the local plan throughout the Municipality



# Thank you for your attention





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